

Supplement II to the Birds of Western Colorado, Plateau and Mesa Country

The following is the second attempt to organize lots of new data into Supplement II, electronic version only, for Birds of Western Colorado, Plateau and Mesa County (BOWC). Not included are many records; single observer, heard only, felt the presence of, etc. A critical look at records were taken that are aberrant in terms of migration and retained those that seemed reasonable. Some, I am sure, should be added and a few deleted. Your help with this process is needed. Most records that are included in this Supplement II have photos available, have passed the RC or were observed by more than one quality (whatever that means) birder. The term, hypothetical, has been attached to a few new species. These are species that require more information, photos, etc. before species can be fully included in BOWC.

Since BOWC was published, many of the species listed in the Hypothetical Species page, 206 in BOWC, have now been thoroughly documented. Neotropic Cormorant, Glossy Ibis, Pomarine Jaeger, Thayer's Gull, Black-billed Cuckoo, Yellow-bellied Sapsucker, Least Flycatcher, Blue-headed Vireo, and McCown's Longspur have been elevated (9 species). Several new species (13 species) have been added to the hypothetical list; Yellow Rail, Piping Plover, Glaucous-winged Gull, Vaux Swift, Ladder-backed Woodpecker, Alder Flycatcher, Philadelphia Vireo, Bay-breasted Warbler, Pine Warbler, Connecticut Warbler, Mourning Warbler, Red-faced Warbler, and Hoary Redpoll.

New species (28 species), were reported with photos and multiple observers: Cackling Goose, Yellow-billed Loon, Magnificent Frigatebird, Mississippi Kite, Purple Sandpiper, Long-tailed Jaeger, Lesser Black-backed Gull, Western Gull, Black Skimmer, Long-billed Murrelet, Inca Dove, Common Ground-Dove, Mexican Whip-poor-will, White-eared Hummingbird, Ruby-throated Hummingbird, Costa's Hummingbird, Yellow-throated Vireo, Pacific Wren, Sedge Wren, Curved-bill Thrasher, Yellow-throated Warbler, Prothonotary Warbler, Cassin's Sparrow, Black-chinned Sparrow, Pyrrhuloxia, Hooded Oriole, Baltimore Oriole, Hoary Redpoll, and Lawrence's Goldfinch.

Total species for BOWC are currently at 410. Reports of all species listed above are detailed in the species accounts which follow. Cutoff date for records in Supplement II was 1 January 2017 which represents the 13 year anniversary of BOWC. All records that are not included in Supplement II will remain in the database for future consideration and future records will also be added as knowledge of birds in western Colorado increase. At some time in the future a Supplement III is planned. Taxonomical order of the Supplement II remains the same as does the species common and scientific names. This will make it easier for the user to locate information in Supplement II and compare it to BOWC.

At this time, it does not appear that any additional birding data is being collected in the area in western Colorado that was not covered by BOWC, namely the high elevation region close to the Divide; therefore I have included records and data from that area. Two new counties are included, Grand and Summit, which were not included in BOWC. In addition, there is available a 22 county spreadsheet of all species recorded in western

Colorado counties in electronic form. A few of these records are from the San Luis Valley where counties extend over the Divide but these records are only in the county spreadsheet and not in the BOWC Supplement II.

The following information will require you to use a copy of BOWC to fully understand the information in Supplement II which will only be available in electronic form. All the information in Supplement I has been absorbed into Supplement II so Supplement I is now obsolete. Most of the information deals with new species records and seasonal and elevation bar graph changes. As more and more data is collected a better picture will emerge for many species. Some of these changes are not changes at all but just a lack of information. Several species, however, are undergoing major changes and Supplement II does clearly illustrate these changes. Other species have undergone limited or undetectable changes and therefore are not included in the supplement (110 species).

I have made a copy of Supplement II and have placed it in the back of my copy Birds of Western Colorado. In the near future I plan to make changes in the seasonal and elevation bar graphs with a black ink pen in my copy. Supplement II will be available to everyone that wants a copy from the Grand Valley Audubon Society. The GVAS also have available copies of the Birds of Western Colorado for those that do not have a copy.

-Coen Dexter, March 2017

Greater White-fronted Goose

Anser albifrons

A large flock of about 200 geese was reported on 1-2 November 2003 at Crystal Spring Lake in Garfield County. Records indicate that this species remain as a rare species throughout March and the rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended to the end of March. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should begin on 1 April and end by mid-May.

Snow Goose

Chen caerulescens

A large flock of between 200 and 300 geese were grounded in a snowstorm at Cone Reservoir, San Miguel County, on 2 November 2003. Rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended from the 1st to the 3rd week in October. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended from mid-September until the end of September. In spring, extend the rare seasonal bar graph indicator to include mid-April. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended from mid-April until mid-May. Record early fall date is 20 September and late spring date is 21 May. Summer records are likely injured geese.

Ross's Goose

Chen rossii

Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended from 4th week in April until mid-May and from the 4th week in September through the 4th week in October. A single summer record, 22 July, should be treated as a possible injured goose. Record early fall date is 29 September and late spring date is 15 May.

Cackling Goose (new species due to AOU split)

Branta hutchinsii

Status: Rare fall and spring migrant; rare winter visitor.

A few birds pass through the region, singly or in small groups, each year between late October and April. Cacklers are usually with large flocks of Canada Geese. Record early fall date is 21 October and late spring date is 29 April. Timing of migration, elevation upon which they migrate and their abundance mirror the above three species. Create a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in October to the 4th week of April. Create a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-8500 feet, for fall, winter, and spring migration. Habitat: Forages and roost where Canada Geese are found.

Trumpeter Swan

Cygnus buccinator

A seasonal bar graph should be extended from 1st November through the 4th week in November with a casual indicator. A rare seasonal bar graph indicator should include the 1st week in December. Records outside November through late March should be considered as escaped swans from captive flocks or an attempt to reintroduce swans in western Colorado and Wyoming. Record early fall date is 3 November and late spring date is 30 March. Two regions where swans are now resident include the Roaring Fork Valley in the greater Grand area and Pagosa Springs in Archuleta County where swans may range as far as Gunnison, La Plata, Mesa and Montezuma counties. A record number, 10 swans, was reported at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, on 4 December 2015.

Tundra Swan

Cygnus columbianus

A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be added to the 3rd week in October and the 4th week in October should be changed to rare. Record early fall date is 22 October and last spring date is 28 April. Extend the casual seasonal bar graph indicator until the end of April. A record large number, 28 swans, was found at Browns Park, Moffat County, on 8 November 2008.

Wood Duck

Aix sponsa

Elevation should be moved up 8500-10,500 feet with a casual bar graph indicator.

Gadwall

Anas strepera

A record number of 500 was reported, Spring Creek Reservoir, Eagle County, on 16 November 08 and again, 23 November 2013.

Eurasian Wigeon

Anas penelope

Status: Rare spring and casual fall migrant.

Fourteen spring records, all adult males, range from 11 February until 15 May and four fall records; additional records not in BOWC; one near Durango, La Plata County, 22 February 2000; one, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 7 April 2002; one, Rio Blanco Reservoir, Rio Blanco County, 28 March through 15 April 2005; one, Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 6-27 April 2007; one, Blue Mesa Reservoir, Gunnison County, 30 April 2007; one, Rifle and Harvey Gap reservoirs, Garfield County, 7-13 April 2008; one, Blue Mesa Reservoir, Gunnison County, 15 May 2008; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 15 March 2010; one near Rifle, Garfield County, 17 March 2011; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 27-28 April 2013; and one, Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 3 March-1 April 2016. The other three records are published in BOWC. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd and 4th weeks in February and again for the 2nd week of May. From the 1st of March to the end of April, a rare seasonal bar graph indicator is required. The spring elevation bar graph indicator needs to be changed to rare from 4500-6500 feet then casual from 6500-7500 feet.

The four fall records include only one adult male; one, near Pagosa Springs, Archuleta County, 18 November 2003; an adult male, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 8-11 November 2006; one, Offield's Reservoir, Moffat County, 25 October 2008, one, Lake Catamount, Routt County, 12 November 2010. The casual seasonal bar graph indicator should include the last week in October through the 3rd week in November. For fall migration create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-7500 feet.

American Wigeon

Anas americana

A record number, 1700, was reported on Catamount Reservoir, Routt County, on 1 November 2006. Also, 2000 was estimated, 23 November 2013, Spring Park Reservoir, Eagle County

Blue-winged Teal

Anas discors

Record early date is 10 March and the record late date is 22 December. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended through the 3rd week in December.

Cinnamon Teal

Anas cyanoptera

Record late date is 22 December. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended through the 3rd week in December.

Northern Pintail

Anas acuta

Record number, 200, estimated at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 16 March 2008.

Green-winged Teal

Anas crecca

Record number, 1000, estimated at Spring Creek Reservoir, Eagle County, on 16 November 2008.

Canvasback

Aythya valisineria

Record number, 50, counted at Cheney Reservoir, Mesa County, on 16 November 2006.

Redhead

Aythya americana

Record number, 525, counted during the CBC in Cortez, Montezuma County, on 26 December 2014.

Greater Scaup

Aythya marila

Extend the rare seasonal bar graph indicator through the first week in May.

Lesser Scaup

Aythya affinis

Record number, 250, estimated at Spring Creek Reservoir, Eagle County, on 16 November 2008.

Surf Scoter

Melanitta perspicillata

Casual spring and rare fall migrant.

There are now well over two dozen records including three spring records; One female was found at Paradox, Montrose County, on 24-28 April 2003. Another scoter was reported at Crawford SP, Delta County, on 28 March 2006. Yet another was reported at Dotsero, Eagle County, on 27 March 2016. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be entered from the last week in March through the 4th week in April. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-6500 feet. Also a casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended to include the 2nd week in October and the 2nd week in December. The 2nd week in September also requires a casual seasonal bar graph indicator. Record early fall date occurred on 8 September and the last fall date was reported on 10 December.

White-winged Scoter

Melanitta fusca

Record number of 6 scoters found at Vallecito Reservoir, La Plata County, on 6 November 2004. One additional spring record, not in BOWC, was reported at Vallecito Reservoir on 14 April 2014 bringing the total to three spring records.

Black Scoter

Melanitta nigra

Casual spring and rare fall migrant.

There are now 18 fall records for this species extending from 19 October through the 13 December. A rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be added for the month of November. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be added to the first half of December. An elevation bar graph indicator should be change to rare from 4500-7500

feet for fall migration. There is now a new spring record for a total of two; Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 19 May 2011. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May.

Long-tailed Duck

Clangula hyemalis

Record number, 5 ducks were found at Jerry Creek Reservoir, Mesa County, on 30 November 2004-5 February 2005. Rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended from the 2nd week in January through the end of April. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 10,500-11,500 feet.

Bufflehead

Bucephala albeola

Casual bar graph indicator for elevation in summer should include 7500-8500 feet.

Common Goldeneye

Bucephala clangula

Record number of 900-1000 ducks counted along Colorado River, Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 28 January 2016.

Hooded Merganser

Lophodytes cucullatus

Record number of 44 ducks were counted near Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 26 November 2006. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in June and the 3rd week in August. Change the seasonal bar graph to a rare indicator for the 3rd week in September.

Red-breasted Merganser

Mergus serrator

Change seasonal bar graph indicator to rare from the 4th week in December until mid-March. Add a casual fall elevation bar graph indicator, 8500-10,500 feet. A record early fall migration date of 26 September was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in September.

Dusky Grouse

Dendragapus obscurus

Range map should include Ute Mountain and most of Mesa Verde National Park in southwestern Colorado.

Sharp-tailed Grouse

Tympanuchus phasianellus

Species is being reintroduced into its historical range. At the present time grouse can be seen in Montezuma County.

Wild Turkey

Meleagris gallopavo

Species is occurring at higher elevation and increasing its range. Range map should include the area where Mesa, Gunnison and Pitkin counties join. Also include the area along Montrose/Delta counties over to Gunnison County. Turkeys have been introduced into the western half of Moffat County. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator up to 10,500 feet. Large flocks of turkeys are now reported ranging up to 150 individuals.

Red-throated Loon

Gavia stellata

Two spring, one summer, and eight records in late fall or early winter: Additional records not in BOWC; Spring Park Reservoir, Eagle County, 4 May-25 June 1973; Wolford Reservoir, Grand County, 10 July-10 August 1999; Lake Avery, Rio Blanco County, 4 November 2002; Elkhead Reservoir both Moffat and Routt counties, 2-3 November 2003; Harvey Gap Reservoir, Garfield County, 10-12 November 2003; Sweitzer Reservoir, Delta County, 26 October-7 November 2008; Ridgway Reservoir, Ouray County, 24-30 November 2008; Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 17 March-2 April 2016; and 13-17 December 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last two weeks in March through the 1st week in April, from the 1st week in May through June, from the 2nd week in July through the 2nd week in August and from the 4th week in November through the 3rd week in December. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet, for spring. Create a casual summer visitor elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet. A casual elevation bar graph indicator should be added, 5500-7500 feet, for fall.

Pacific Loon

Gavia pacifica

Status: Casual spring and rare fall migrant.

Two spring records; Nucla, Montrose County, 3-6 April 2015; and Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 23 April 2015; A casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first three weeks in April should be added. Create a casual spring migration elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet.

Common Loon

Gavia immer

Record number, 124 loons, was reported at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, on 4 April 2009. Change the last week in March to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator.

Yellow-billed Loon (new species for BOWC)

Gavia adamsii

Status: Casual winter and summer visitor, two records.

New species for western Colorado found at Highline Reservoir in Mesa County on 25 December 2005 through 16 January 2006. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in December through mid-January. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 4500-5500 feet.

Summer record reported at Blue Mesa Reservoir, Gunnison County, on 20-21 June 2010. Create a casual seasonal bar for the 3rd week in June. Create a casual elevation bar graph

indicator, 6500-7500 feet, for summer. Many observers thought the bird was a Common Loon but it did pass the CFO's RC.

Habitat: Lakes and reservoirs where other loon species are expected.

Pied-billed Grebe

Podilymbus podiceps

Record elevation for fall migration at 12,095 feet was reported. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 11,500-12,500 feet.

Horned Grebe

Podiceps auritus

Status: Rare spring and fall migrant and summer visitor. Record early date is 22 February and record late date is 19 December. Change the last week in November and the first two weeks of the December seasonal bar graph indicator to rare and the 3rd week in December to casual. Three grebes were reported from near Hayden, Routt County, 21 June 2015 for the only summer record. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in June. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 5500-6500 feet.

Red-necked Grebe

Podiceps grisegena

Status: Casual visitor any time of year: one spring record, four summer records, seven fall records, and three winter records; Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended throughout the year, except from mid-July until the end of September, where there are no records. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet and 7500-8500 feet; Add a casual elevation bar graph, 6500-8500 feet, for summer. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-8500 feet, for fall migration.

Eared Grebe

Podiceps nigricollis

Record early spring migrant date, 25 March, and a record late fall migrant date, 31 December, were reported. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in December to rare and the last week in December to casual. A record number, 700 grebes, was reported at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, on 12 May 2012.

Western Grebe

Aechmophorus occidentalis

Status: Uncommon summer resident; common spring and fall migrant; and casual winter visitor. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in December until mid-February. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 4500-6500 feet. A few grebes winter at Navajo Reservoir, a reservoir that lies on the Colorado/New Mexico Stateline. A summer elevation record of 9000 feet was reported near Kebler Pass in Gunnison County on 17 June 2009. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 9000 feet, for summer. Record number of 225 was reported at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 24 April 2010.

Clark's Grebe

Aechmophorus clarkii

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March through the 1st week in April. Record number of five grebes was reported at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, on 16 April 2013.

American White Pelican

Pelecanus erythrorhynchos

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in March through mid-April. A record number, 125 pelicans, passed through Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, on 6 November 2011.

Brown Pelican

Pelecanus occidentalis

Status: Casual spring and summer visitor;

Five new records for a total of six: Records not in BOWC; Woods Lake, Eagle County, July 1908; one pelican near Pagosa Springs, Archuleta County, 28-30 May 1998; one pelican, Totton Reservoir, Montezuma County, 25 April 2009; one at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 27 May-9 June 2010; and one at William's Creek Reservoir, Hinsdale County, 15 July 2010. Add a casual bar graph indicator from the 4th week in April through mid-July. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring, 4500-7500 feet. Extend the casual summer elevation bar graph indicator to 8500 feet.

Neotropical Cormorant (new species for BOWC elevated from the hypothetical list)

Phalacrocorax brasilianus

New species for western Colorado elevated from hypothetical currently has three records; Sweitzer Reservoir, Delta County, 31 October 1985; Denney Lake in Cortez, Montezuma County, 1-3 May 2014; and Montrose, Montrose County 17 March-2 October 2016.

Create casual seasonal bar graph for mid-March to the end of October. Create a casual elevation bar graphs indicator for spring and summer, 5500-6500 feet. Create for fall, a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet.

Double-crested Cormorant

Phalacrocorax auritus

Record number, 70, estimated at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 3 August 2007. At the same location on 25 April 2010, 42 nests were observed.

Magnificent Frigatebird (new species for BOWC)

Fregata magnificens

Status: Casual summer visitor.

Two records; Green Mountain Reservoir, Summit County, 16 September 1985, collected; and at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 12 June 2013. The bird was photographed. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in June and the 3rd week in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 4500-5500 feet and fall, 7500-8500 feet.

American Bittern

Botaurus lentiginosus

Status: Uncommon summer resident, rare spring and fall migrant, and casual winter resident.

Most years, bitterns are present at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, from the 4th week in April until the 1st week in October. The balance of the year, bitterns are casual and not expected. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in October through the 3rd week in April. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 4500-5500 feet.

Least Bittern

Ixobrychus exilis

Four records, two spring, one summer, and one fall: one record which are not in Birds of Western Colorado; Denny Lake, Cortez, Montezuma County, 5-10 June 2013, where two birds were present and represents the only summer record. Add a casual seasonal bar indicator for the 1st and 2nd weeks in June. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 5500-6500 feet.

Great Blue Heron

Ardea herodias

Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 8500-10,500 feet for summer and for fall migration, 10,500-11,500 feet.

Great Egret

Ardea alba

Status: Rare spring and fall migrant and rare summer visitor and casual in late winter. Include a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from 1st of April through December. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from January through March. A record number of four egrets were found near Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 23 August through 4 September 2009. Add a casual bar graph indicator for elevation during spring migration, 8500-9500 feet.

Snowy Egret

Egretta thula

Record early date was reported on 28 March. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should start the 4th week in March through mid-April. A rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be added to the 1st and 2nd weeks October. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be added to 2nd week in November. Record late date was reported on 15 November. A record high count, 30 egrets, was reported near Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 4-17 May 2002.

Little Blue Heron

Egretta caerulea

Eight records, seven spring and one fall; one, Blue Mesa Reservoir, Gunnison County, 20 April 2002; and one, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 17 April 2013 are two records not in BOWC. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April

Cattle Egret

Bubulcus ibis

Record early date is now 5 April. Add casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from 4th week in June through the last week in September and the 3rd week of November. Record late date is now 22 November. Create a casual summer elevation bar graph indicator for 4500-7500 feet.

Green Heron

Butorides virescens

Change the casual seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the month of October. Record number of six herons was reported near Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 7 August 2007.

Black-crowned Night-Heron

Nycticorax nycticorax

Change the casual seasonal bar graph indicator to rare, November through the 1st week in April.

Glossy Ibis (new species for BOWC elevated from hypothetical list)

Plegadis falcinellus

At present there are over two dozen records for Glossy Ibis. Several reports are supported with photos and have passed the CFO's RC. Species was listed as hypothetical in BOWC but is now an accepted species in western Colorado.

Status: Rare in spring migration, casual in summer and fall migration.

The first and last spring dates are 27 March through 28 May. Most reports are during the last two weeks of April through the 3rd week in May which suggests a rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be created during this period. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be used from the 4th week in March through mid-April and again for the 4th week in May. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be created for the 1st week in July and the 1st week in September. The only summer record is 7 July and the only fall record was 8 September. Create a rare elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-7500 feet. For summer create a casual indicator for elevation 5500-6500 feet and for fall migration a casual indicator, 6500-7500 feet.

For habitat and expected locations for finding this species, see White-faced Ibis account. One of the best locations for finding this species is Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, in late April.

White-faced Ibis

Plegadis chihi

Record early date of 12 March was reported. The casual bar graph indicator should be extended to include the 2nd and 3rd weeks of March. Record late date of 17 October was reported. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended to include the 3rd week in October.

Turkey Vulture

Cathartes aura

Record early date of 24 February was reported. Record late date of 23 November was reported. A single winter date was reported from Montezuma County on 11 January. Record numbers of more the 100 vultures can be counted during spring migration at roost sites in April. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator needs be extended to include the 4th week in February through the 1st week in March. A rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended through the 2nd and 3rd weeks in March. Add a casual seasonal bar graph for the 3rd week in November. Vultures reported after late October may be sick, injured or misidentified.

California Condor

Gymnogyps californianus

There is only one new record not in Birds of Western Colorado. One bird found and photographed near Dolores, Montezuma County, on 16 April 15. The California Condor is a first county record and the 2nd record for western Colorado. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for spring migration.

Osprey

Pandion haliaetus

Record early date of 18 March was reported. Record late date was reported on 18 December. A rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended through the first two weeks in November. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should include the 3rd week November through the 3rd week of December. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring, 9500-10,500 feet and for summer, 8500-9500 feet.

Mississippi Kite (new species for BOWC)

Ictinia mississippiensis

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant and summer visitor.

There are five records, two which were recorded with photographs. There are one spring, two summer and two fall records. A Mississippi Kite was near Palisade, Mesa County, on 18 May 2003. A kite was in Norwood, San Miguel County, on 16 June through 3 July 2004. A kite was in Nucla, Montrose County, on 5 June 2005. One was reported over Grand Junction, Mesa County, 12 September 08; and one over Craig, Moffat County, 11 September 2013. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-May through the 1st week in July and the 2nd week in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet. Create a summer visitor elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-7500 feet. Create a fall elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet.

Bald Eagle

Haliaeetus leucocephalus

Elevation bar graph for summer should be increased with a rare bar graph indicator, 8500-9500 feet and a casual bar graph indicator, 9500-10,500 feet.

Common Black-Hawk

Buteogallus anthracinus

Casual species; There are currently eight records in western Colorado, all in spring and summer. Record early date, 5 April, and record late date, 29 July, were recorded. Recent records not found in Birds of Western Colorado; one near Grand Junction, Mesa County, 2-25 May 2007; one near Hotchkiss in Delta County, 12 June-29 July 2009; one, near Hotchkiss, Delta County, 15 June 2010; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 26-27 May 2011; one, near Delta, Delta County, 23 June 2011, where the hawk was photographed; and one near Hotchkiss, Delta County, 5 April 2013. A casual seasonal bar graph should indicate the 1st week in April through the end of July. The casual spring elevation bar graph should indicate 4500-6500 feet and casual summer elevation bar graph should indicate 4500-6500 feet.

Broad-winged Hawk

Buteo platypterus

There are currently 17 records from six counties for this rare species; six in spring and eleven in fall. Spring migration records are from 4 April through 1 June. Fall migration records range from 13 September through October 6. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should include the 1st week in April through the 1st week in June for spring migration. In fall migration a rare seasonal bar graph indicator is needed for the 2nd week in September through the 1st week in October. For spring migration a casual elevation bar graph indicator should be 4500-7500 feet. For fall migration a rare elevation bar graph indicator should include 4500-9500 feet. All but two of the records have been recorded since 2004.

Swainson's Hawk

Buteo swainsoni

Record early spring migration date of 19 March was reported. Record late fall migration date on 24 October was recorded. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be added to the 3rd week in March and the 3rd week in October. An elevation record of 12,000 feet was reported on 11 July so in summer add a casual elevation bar graph to indicate 11,500-12,500 feet. On 11 July 2011, 125-155 hawks were feeding on grasshoppers near Mack, Mesa County, for a record high number.

Zone-tailed Hawk

Buteo albonotatus

Currently with the addition of the following record, western Colorado now has a total of two. On 22 September 2004, a hawk was reported from Durango, La Plata County. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 5500-7500 feet.

Rough-legged Hawk

Buteo lapopus

Record early fall date, 10 October, and late spring record date, 24 April, were reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to include the 4th week in April and the 2nd and 3rd weeks in October. Change the first two weeks in April to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator.

Crested Caracara (remains on hypothetical species)

Caracara cheriway

Two records have been reported; April & May 1948, near Glenwood Springs, Garfield County; and 7 April 2007, west of Pagosa Springs, Archuleta County.

Merlin

Falco columbarius

Record early fall date, 4 August, and record late spring date, 13 May, were reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in April through the 2nd week in May and rare for through the 1st and 2nd weeks in April. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should include the 1st and 2nd weeks in August and the 3rd and 4th weeks should be rare.

Gyr Falcon (remains on hypothetical species)

Falco rusticolus

There are only photos of falconer's birds and some of the following reports may be such. Three records have been reported; north of Fruita, Mesa County, 18 January 1989; near Steamboat Springs in Routt County, 13 November 1999; and Glade Park, Mesa County, 12 March 2015, of a very rare white morph with black wing tips.

Yellow Rail (new hypothetical species)

Coturnicops noveboracensis

28 September 2009, Curecanti, Gunnison County, represents the only report of a species not expected in western Colorado.

American Coot

Fulica americana

Record number reported at Cheney Reservoir, Mesa County, 1 November 2008, of 7500 coots.

Sandhill Crane

Grus canadensis

A large number of cranes now winter in low elevation valleys in western Colorado. Cranes began wintering more than 10 years ago, mostly around Delta, Delta County, with numbers ranging up to several thousand.

Black-bellied Plover

Pluvialis squatarola

Record early spring date, 14 March, was recorded and the late spring date, 21 May was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in March and add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to include the 3rd week in May. Earliest fall date occurred on 9 August. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in August through mid-September.

American Golden-Plover

Pluvialis dominica

There are now six spring records; Records not in BOWC; Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 13 May 1996; Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 21-25 April 2007; near Hayden, Routt County, 9 May 2010; and Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 9 May 2012. Casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended from the 2nd week in April through the end of May. For spring migration add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet.

Snowy Plover

Charadrius alexandrinus

Record early spring date was recorded on 1 April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in April.

Piping Plover (new hypothetical species)

Charadrius melodus

One record; Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 25 May 2006.

Semipalmated Plover

Charadrius semipalmatus

Record early spring date was recorded on 13 April and a record early fall date of 25 July was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in July.

Elevation record was reported at Taylor Park Reservoir, Gunnison County, on 13 August 2011 at 9500 feet. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 8500-9500 feet.

Mountain Plover

Charadrius montanus

Records not in BOWC; Blue Mesa Reservoir, Gunnison County, 12 April 1996; near Utah/Colorado Stateline in Mesa County, 26 August 2004; near Elk Springs, Moffat County, 23 April 2005; and Piceance Basin, Rio Blanco County, 19 August 2012. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for fall migration.

Black-necked Stilt

Himantopus mexicanus

Record late date was recorded on 18 November. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in September through the 3rd week in November. A record number, 12 stilts, was reported near Craig, Moffat County, on 12 April 2008.

American Avocet

Recurvirostra americana

Record early spring date of 28 February was recorded and a record late fall date of 27 November was reported. A record number, estimated at 200 avocets, was recorded at Ridgway Reservoir on 8 November 2003. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in February. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the first three weeks in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in October through mid-November. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last two weeks in November.

Greater Yellowlegs

Tringa melanoleuca

Change the July seasonal bar graph indicator to rare.

Lesser Yellowlegs

Tringa flavipes

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in July and the 1st week in November.

Solitary Sandpiper

Tringa solitaria

Record early date of 19 April was recorded twice. Move rare seasonal bar graph indicator forward to include the 3rd week in April. Move the rare seasonal bar graph indicator back to the end of October. Last fall migration date was recorded on 11 November.

Willet

Catoptrophorus semipalmatus

Record early spring date, 3 April, was recorded. A record late date was reported on 12 November. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week of November. A summer elevation record of 10,000 feet was recorded at Overland Reservoir on the Grand Mesa, Delta County, on 4 July 2009. Add a casual elevation bar graph from 8500-10,500 feet. Record number of 68 was counted, Spring Park Reservoir, Eagle County, on 27 April 2012.

Spotted Sandpiper

Actitis macularia

Record number of 25 sandpipers reported at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 23 July 2015.

Upland Sandpiper

Bartramia longicauda

Casual species; one new record; reported near Cortez, Montezuma County, 17 June 2009.

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in June. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for summer.

Whimbrel

Numenius phaeopus

Record early spring date of 20 April was recorded. The rare seasonal bar graph indicator should be extended to include the 2nd week in May.

Long-billed Curlew

Numenius americanus

Record early spring date was recorded on 22 March and a record late fall date of 30 October was recorded. A record number of 25 curlews were reported near Durango, La Plata County, on 10 April 2008. Place a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd

week in March and a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March and again from mid-May through the end of June. Place a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in August through the 1st week in September. Place a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in September through the end of October. Another location where curlews may be breeding, Hunter Mesa, Garfield County, is where 8 individuals spent most of June 2004.

Marbled Godwit

Limosa fedoa

Record early spring date was recorded on 29 March. Record number of godwits, 200, was estimated on 22 April 2004 at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County. Add a casual bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March through the 1st week in April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in June through the end of August. Also, add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in September through the 4th week of October. Record late date is 26 October.

Ruddy Turnstone

Arenaria interpres

There are 9 total records, all but two in fall migration. There are two new records; Cheney Reservoir, Mesa County, on 13-21 August 2005; and Craig, Moffat County, 18 May 2014. The other seven records are listed in Birds of Western Colorado. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in May and add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and the 3rd weeks in August.

Purple Sandpiper (new species for BOWC)

Calidris maritima

One record; Dillion Reservoir, Summit County, on 16-31 December 2016.

Red Knot

Calidris canutus

Two records both spring; New record, at Blue Mesa Reservoir, Gunnison County, on 29-30 April 2007. Add a casual bar graph indicator for the last week in April. Extend a casual spring migration bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet.

Sanderling

Calidris alba

Fifteen spring and fall records are divided nearly equally. The spring window is from the 15 April through the 17 May. The fall window is from 6 August through the 18 of October. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in May, the 1st and 2nd weeks in August, and the 3rd week in October. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 6500-8500 feet. A record number of Sanderlings, 20, was reported on 2 May 2008 at Rio Blanco Reservoir, Rio Blanco County.

Semipalmated Sandpiper

Calidris pusilla

Record early fall migration date, 9 July, was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in July and a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th weeks in July. Record number, 8 sandpipers, was reported at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 6 August 2016.

Western Sandpiper

Calidris mauri

Record early spring date, 31 March, was recorded. A record late spring date of 21 May was recorded. A sandpiper was reported on 4 July which could be an early fall migrant. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March through the 1st week in April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in July.

Least Sandpiper

Calidris minutilla

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in February through the 1st week in April and for the 1st week in July. A single sandpiper was reported on 2 July and another one on 10 July which could both be early fall migrants. A single sandpiper winter in Delta, Delta County, from 6 December through 21 January 2012. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the last week in December through the 3rd week in January.

White-rumped Sandpiper

Calidris fuscicollis

Status: Rare spring migrant and casual fall migrant (one record).

There are now 15 records all in the spring and since 1986 except for the single fall record. Record early date is 5 May and the latest spring date in 10 June. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st and 2nd weeks in May and the 2nd week in June. Change the 3rd and 4th weeks in May and the 1st week in June to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. A record number, 11 sandpipers, was reported from Spring Park Reservoir, Eagle County, on 1-3 June 2012. Fall record; Rio Blanco Reservoir, Rio Blanco County, 27 August 2012. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in August. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for fall migration.

Baird's Sandpiper

Calidris bairdii

Record early fall migration date of 12 July was recorded. A record late fall date of 8 November was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in July and to the 4th week in October through the 1st week in November. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in July to rare.

Pectoral Sandpiper

Calidris melanotos

Status: Casual spring migrant and rare fall migrant.

Five spring records, all but one since 2007, all between 15 April through 10 May: 1st record, Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 15 April-10 May 2002; 2nd Browns Park, Moffat County, 20 April 2008; 3rd record, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 22 April

2008; 4th record, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County 21, April 2009; 5th record, Hayden, Routt County, 8 May 2010. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in April through the 2nd week in May. A record late fall date was recorded on 13 November. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in November. Also add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in July through the end of August. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-7500 feet.

Dunlin

Calidris alpina

Record early spring date of 15 March was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in March through the end of March. Record early fall migration date reported on 16 August. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in August.

Stilt Sandpiper

Calidris himantopus

Record early spring date on 28 April and a record late spring date on 2 June were recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in April through the 1st week in May and to the 4th week in May through the 1st week in June. Record early fall migration date of 15 July and a record late date of 26 October were recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in July and the 3rd and 4th weeks in October. A record number, 24 sandpipers, was counted at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, on 8 October 2005.

Short-billed Dowitcher

Limnodromus griseus

Status: Casual spring with ten records and rare in fall with 11 records. The dowitcher species are very difficult to separate, especially in spring. Photos are a great tool to help determine a correct identification. Several reports were accepted by the CFO's RC without photos.

Spring records include: On 22 February 2009, a dowitcher was photographed near Norwood in San Miguel County for a record early spring date or winter record; one, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 8 May 1988; one, Clifton, Mesa County, 24 April 1996; two, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County in breeding plumage, 8 May 1996; one, Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 4 April 2004; one, near Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 19 May 2006; one, Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 5 May 2007; one, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 5 May 2010; one at Pastorius, La Plata County, 19 April 2011; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 2 May 2013; Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in February and last week in April through the first three weeks in May. An early fall date of 15 July 2006 was recorded at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration 4500-7500 feet.

Long-billed Dowitcher

Limnodromus scolopaceus

Record early spring date of 5 March was recorded. Record late date of 26 November was recorded. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator should be added to the 1st three weeks in March and the last two weeks in November. The 1st and 2nd weeks in November should be change to a rare bar graph indicator. A dowitcher summered in Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 6-21 June 2008. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first three week in June. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for summer.

Wilson Phalarope

Phalaropus tricolor

Record early date, 29 March, was recorded. Place a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in March through the 1st week in April.

Red-necked Phalarope

Phalaropus lobatus

A record early date was recorded on 28 February, a phalarope which remained until 14 March. Place a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in February through the 2nd week in April. Record late date was recorded on 12 November. Place a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in October through the 2nd week in November. Record early, fall migrant or summering dates of 6 and 14 July 2006 were reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st and 2nd weeks in July. A record number, 430, was reported from Zink's Pond, La Plata County, on 15 May 2013.

Red Phalarope

Phalaropus fulicarius

Eight records, one spring and eight fall: New records not in BOWC; one, Ridgway Reservoir, Ouray County, 10 September 1995; one at Elkhead Reservoir in both Moffat and Routt counties, 10-11 September 2005; one at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 14 October 2005; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 3-7 October 2010; and one, Ridgway Reservoir, Ouray County, 20 August 2012. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in August through the 2nd week in October. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator from 5500-7500 feet for fall migration.

Pomarine Jaeger (new species for BOWC elevated from hypothetical list)

Stercorarius pomarinus

Status: The only record occurred at Stagecoach Reservoir in Routt County on 17 June 1999, elevation 6500-7500 feet. The jaeger was photographed and passed the CFO's RC. Habitat; Open water of reservoirs, lakes and rivers.

Long-tailed Jaeger (new species for BOWC)

Stercorarius longicaudus

Status: Casual fall migrant.

The only record occurred at Whitewater on a gravel pit in Mesa County on 1-2 September 2009, elevation 4500-5500 feet. This first summer jaeger was photographed by many birders and passed the CFO's RC.

Habitat; Open water of reservoirs, lakes and rivers

Franklin's Gull

Larus pipixcan

Record early date was reported on 8 March and a record late date occurred on 12 November. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in March. Change the 3rd week in March to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. Also, add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in November. A record number, 500 gulls, was reported at Confluence Park, Delta County, on 17 April 2013.

Little Gull

Larus minutus

A second record was reported near Rifle, Garfield County, 21 March 2005, by a single observer and no photos were taken.

Bonaparte's Gull

Larus philadelphia

Record early date was reported on 10 March. A record late date was reported on December 7. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in October.

Mew Gull

Larus canus

Status: Casual fall and spring migrant.

Two records: Latest record, one gull at Pastorius Reservoir in La Plata County on 30 March to 3 April 2001. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March through the 1st week in April. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-67500 feet for spring.

Ring-billed Gull

Larus delawarensis

Unexpected large number in winter occurred in Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 14 December 2014 where 64 gulls were counted.

California Gull

Larus californicus

Change the 2nd week in March to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. Record early spring date of 18 February was recorded and the gull was photographed. Record number, 200-250 gulls, was estimated at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County on 16 April 2013.

Herring Gull

Larus argentatus

Record number, 4, was reported from Vega Reservoir, Mesa County, on 19 November 2001. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in January, 1st week in June, 1st week in July, and the 1st and 2nd weeks in August. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the 3rd and 4th weeks in March.

Thayer's Gull (new species for BOWC elevated from the hypothetical list)

Larus thayeri

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant.

One spring and two fall records: A gull was at Sweitzer Reservoir, Delta County, on 8 December 1986. A gull was photographed at Confluence Park, Delta County, on 28 February-3 March 2008. A gull was photographed at Stagecoach Reservoir, Routt County on 3 November-5 December 2009.

Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in February, 1st week in March, all of November and the 1st week in December. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration 4500-7500 feet.

Habitat: Open water of reservoirs, lakes and ponds.

Lesser Black-backed Gull (new species for BOWC)

Larus fuscus

Status: Casual fall migrant and winter visitor:

Four records: An adult gull, photographed, stayed on a gravel pit west of Rifle, Garfield County, 24 September-5 October 2006; A second year gull, photographed, remained at Ridgway Reservoir, Ouray County, 2-13 October 2007; The only winter record was reported from a parking lot near Fruita, Mesa County, 24 February 2009; and one, Ridgway, Ouray County, 16-17 November for Ouray County's second record.

Create a casual seasonal fall bar graph indicator from the 4th week in September through the 3rd week in November. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in February. Create a casual fall migration bar graph indicator from 4500-7500 feet. Create a casual winter elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet.

Habitat: Open water of reservoirs, lakes and ponds.

Glaucous Gull

Larus hyperboreus

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant.

Three records: Only spring record, Kenny Reservoir in Rio Blanco County on 1 March 2009. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in March. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for spring. Fall records are in BOWC.

Glaucous-winged Gull (new hypothetical species for BOWC)

Larus glaucescens

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant and winter visitor. One at Confluence Park, Delta County, Feb 2004 (this gull was called a hybrid by some observers); one at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County on 20 May 2009; and one at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County on 5 October 2009. Virtually all GWGU's south of British Columbia are hybridized to some extent with Herring or Western Gulls. Western Colorado gulls are probably hybridized to some degree, as well as all other Glaucous-winged Gulls reported in Colorado. A casual seasonal bar graph indicator is needed for February, 3rd week in May and the 1st week in October. A casual elevation bar graph indicator is needed for 4500-5500 feet for spring and fall migration and winter visitor.

Western Gull (new species for BOWC)

Larus occidentalis

Status: Spring migrant.

Two records; a gull visited Narraguinnep Reservoir, Montezuma County, 22 April 2012 and was photographed and well documented by several observers; and a second gull was reported at Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 9 May 2015, but details of this record are lacking.

Sabine's Gull

Xema sabini

Record early date was reported on 28 August and a record late date was reported on 20 November. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in August through the 1st week in September. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in November.

Black-legged Kittiwake

Rissa tridactyla

Three records; Record not in BOWC; Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, 19-20 November 2013.

Caspian Tern

Sterna caspia

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April and from the 4th week in September through the 3rd week in October. There are now about 10 summer records and 4 fall records. Change the 1st week in June to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. For spring migration add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 7500-8500 feet.

Common Tern

Sterna hirundo

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in July and the 1st weeks in September. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the 4th week in September.

Forster's Tern

Sterna forsteri

New elevation record occurred at Deep Lake on the Flat Tops, 10,500 feet, Garfield County, 6 July 1997. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 7,500-10,500 feet, for summer. Record number, 105 terns, was reported at Highline Reservoir, Mesa County, on 2 May 2012.

Least Tern

Sterna antillarum

Record late date was recorded, 18 June. Change the first week in May to a casual seasonal bar graph indicator and 1st week in June to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator and the 2nd and 3rd weeks in June to casual seasonal bar graph indicator.

Black Tern

Chlidonias niger

Record early spring date of 22 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the 4th week in July and the 1st week in August.

Black Skimmer (new species for BOWC)

Rynchops niger

Status: Casual spring migrant.

One record occurred at Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, on 24 April 2004. Bird was well documented and photographed.

Habitat: Open water of reservoirs, lakes and rivers.

Long-billed Murrelet (new species for BOWC, historical record)

Brachyramphus marmoratus

Single record; Aspen, Pitkin County, 22 August 1982.

Band-tailed Pigeon

Patagioenas fasciata

Status: Add casual winter visitor.

Record early spring date, 8 March, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March. Record late fall date, 21 November, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in October through the 3rd week in November. For winter stragglers at feeders add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in November until the first week in March. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 5500-8500 feet.

Eurasian Collared-Dove

Streptopelia decaocto

Status: Common permanent resident. Change bar graph indicator to common for the full year. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator from 7500-9500 feet. Change the elevation bar graph below 7500 feet to common.

White-winged Dove

Zenaida asiatica

Status: Uncommon summer resident, rare spring and fall migrant and rare winter resident. Species now appear to be year round resident in Grand Junction and Cortez. Breeding has been confirmed. Add a fairly common to uncommon seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-May to mid-August. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 1st of April through mid-May and from mid-August to mid-September. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the rest of the year, mid-September through the end of March. Change the elevation bar graph indicator to rare, 4500-6500 feet, and casual, 6500-8500 feet for spring migration. In summer change the bar graph indicator for elevation to fairly common to uncommon, 4500- 6500 feet and then rare, 6500-8500 feet. Create a casual bar graph indicator for fall migration, elevation 4500-8500 feet. Create a casual elevation

bar graph indicator for winter from 4500-6500 feet. Record number, 16, was reported from Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 30 November, at a feeder.

Common Ground-Dove (new species for BOWC)

Columbina passerina

Status: Casual spring migrant and summer visitor.

Two records; Navajo SP, Archaleta County, 19 June 2014; and Paonia, Delta County, 13 May 2015 where dove was photographed.

Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May for spring migration and the 3rd week in June for summer visitor. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for spring migration. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for summer visitor.

Habitat: Rural or urban.

Inca Dove (new species for BOWC)

Columbina inca

Status: Casual fall visitor.

One record; Nucla, Montrose County, 28 October 2010, photos and multiple observers.

Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in October for fall visitor.

Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall, 5500-6500 feet.

Habitat: Urban or rural.

Black-billed Cuckoo (new species for BOWC elevated from hypothetical species list)

Coccyzus erythrophthalmus

Status: Casual visitor in summer and fall.

Four records; Kremmling, Grand County, 30 June 1973; Escalante SWA, Delta County, 21 July 1982; Blue River, Summit County, 11 June 2000; and Nucla, Montrose County, 22 September 2012 seen by multiple observers where photos were taken of a juvenile and passed the CFO's RC. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 4th weeks in June, for the 3rd week in July and the 3rd week in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-8500 feet for summer and a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for fall migration.

Yellow-billed Cuckoo

Coccyzus americanus

Breeding was confirmed during the summer, 21-23 July 2008, and again possible in 2012 near Hotchkiss, Delta County, along the North Fork of the Gunnison River. There were seven reports of cuckoos in the spring and summer in western Colorado in 2015.

Greater Roadrunner

Geococcyx californianus

There are nine records for this casual species. The four records not in BOWC; one near Cortez, Montezuma County, 26 December 2006; one near Dolores, Montezuma County, 8 November 2009; one near Mancos, Montezuma County, 8 September 2013; one south of Durango near New Mexico State Line, La Plata County, 4 September 2015 where good photos were taken; and near Cortez, Montezuma County, 23 November 2016. Add a

casual seasonal bar graph indicator from 1st week of September through the 3rd week in December.

Flammulated Owl

Otus flammeolus

Record early spring date of 21 April was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April. A low elevation summer record, 4600 feet, was reported from Grand Junction, Mesa County. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 4500-5500 feet.

Western Screech-Owl

Megascops kennicottii

Record number, 99 owls, were counted on the Grand Junction CBC, Mesa County, on 14 December 2014. It is the record highest owl count on CBC in North America for Western Screech-Owl.

Burrowing Owl

Athene cunicularia

Record early date of 9 March was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in March. Record late date was reported on 1 November. At a casual seasonal bar for the 1st week in November.

Long-eared Owl

Asio otus

Record elevation, 11,400 feet, for species was reported on 13 July 2006 near Silverton, San Juan County.

Lesser Nighthawk

Chordeiles acutipennis

Status: Rare spring migrant and summer resident in southwest Colorado at lower elevation.

There are now more than two dozen spring and summer records but breeding has not been confirmed. Record late date, 24 September, was reported. Extend a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 1st week in July through the 3rd week in September. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the last week in May and all of June. Change the elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration and summer to rare, 5500-6500 feet.

Common Nighthawk

Chordeiles minor

Record early spring date, 14 May, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in May. Record number, 500 nighthawks, were feeding on insects near Nucla, 13 June 2010.

Common Poorwill

Phalaenoptilus nuttallii

Record early spring date, 14 April, was reported. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in April and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in April.

Mexican Whip-poor-will (new species for BOWC confirmed by voice recording)

Caprimulgus arizonae

Status: Spring and summer visitor.

Two records; Fosset Gulch, Archuleta County, 30 April-1 May 1999 (multiply observers and voice recording and passed CFO's RC); and near CO/NM Stateline, La Plata County, 26 August 2014. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in April through the 1st week in May and 4th week August. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration 6500-7500 feet. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator 5500-6500 feet for fall migration.

Habitat: P/Js and ponderosa pines for southwest Colorado.

Black Swift

Cypseloides niger

Record number, an estimated 200 to 400 swifts, was reported over Confluence Park in Delta County on 31 May 2006. Record early spring date, 20 May, was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May.

Vaux's Swift (new hypothetical species)

Chaetura vauxi

Three records listed may pertain to this swift species. One swift over Paonia, Delta County, on 2 May 2007 (swift heard by single observer). Three or four swifts over Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 10 May 2016 (single observer). One swift over Tabeguache Creek, Montrose County, on 22 May 2016 (two observers).

Chimney Swift

Chaetura pelagica

Record early date of 9 May was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in May. A swift was found dead in Norwood, San Miguel County, 5 June 2011, and was measured to confirm its identity.

Chimney/Vaux's Swift

Chaetura species

Record early date, 28 April 2014, was recorded in Grand Junction, Mesa County. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the last week in April.

White-throated Swift

Aeronautes saxatalis

Record early spring date of 8 March was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in March and a rare bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in April

White-eared Hummingbird (new species for BOWC, multiple observers and photos, passed CFO's RC)

Hylocharis leucotis

New species for area: Status: Casual summer visitor.

Two records: an adult female hung around feeders northeast of Durango, La Plata County, 19 June-7 August 2005; an immature female, also visiting feeders, was found north of Durango, La Plata County, on 21 July-21 August 2005.

Habitat: Hummingbird feeders located in pine/oak communities at mid elevations.

Blue-throated Hummingbird

Lampornis clemenciae

Ten records all in summer or early fall: Record early date, 28 June, and record late date, 7 September was reported. Records not published in BOWC are; one, Grand Lake, Grand County, one, 28 June-22 July 1973; one, Durango, La Plata County, 7 September 1975; one, Durango, La Plata County, 27 July 1991; one, Dinosaur National Monument, Moffat County, 20 July 1995; one, Storm King Mountain, Garfield County, 25 August 1995; a female, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 30 July-4 August 2008; and a female, No Name, Garfield County, 30 June 2010. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the last week in June through mid-July. Add a casual bar graph indicator for summer elevation 4500-5500 feet.

Magnificent Hummingbird

Eugenes fulgens

Nine records all from late spring to late summer: Record early date, 20 June, and record late date, 21 August, was reported. Records not published in BOWC; one, Haviland Lakes CG, La Plata County, 20 June 1989; one, Fruitgrowers Reservoir, Delta County, 2 August 2001; female north of Durango, La Plata County, 19 July-1 August 2006; female at Crystal, Gunnison County, from mid-July-4 August 2007; a female at Dutton banding station, Dolores County, 15-29 July 2008; one at Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 21 August 2011; and one, Durango, La Plata County, 25-28 June 2015. Amend the casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-May through the 3rd week in August. Amend the casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-9500 feet for summer.

Ruby-throated Hummingbird (new species for BOWC, banded and photographed and passed the CFO's RC)

Archilochus columbris

Status: Casual fall migrant.

Seven records, all in late summer: Early date, 28 August, and late date, 1 October, were reported. A hatch year male was banded at Powerhorn, Gunnison County, 1 October 1998; hatch year male was photographed at Nucla, Montrose County, 27-28 September 2003; one banded at Palisade, Mesa County, 28 August 2004; one banded at Palisade, Mesa County, 7 September 2004; one female at Lake Lenore, Ouray County, 28-29 September 2009; an adult male in Montrose, Montrose County, 3-5 September 2011; and Palisade, Mesa County, 3 September 2016, hatch year female banded. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the last week in August through the 1st week in October. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-7500 feet, for fall migration. Habitat: Appears at hummingbird feeders in urban and agriculture areas.

Black-chinned Hummingbird

Archilochus alexandri

Record early spring date on 31 March was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in March and 1st week in April.

Anna's Hummingbird

Calypte anna

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant and winter visitor.

Five records: records not in BOWC; wintering hummingbird in Grand Junction, Mesa County, 23 November 2004 through 28 February 2005; and a late fall migrant in Montrose, Montrose County, on 22-25 October 2014. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th weeks in October and last three weeks in December through the end of February. Create a casual elevation bar graph for winter visitor, 4500-5500 feet.

Costa's Hummingbird (new species for BOWC, documented, banded and photographed and passed the CFO's RC)

Calypte costae

Status: Casual late fall and winter visitor.

Three records: a female wintered in Grand Junction in Mesa County from 5 December 2004 until 29 January 2005; female, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 8-21 November 2011; and female, Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 1 November-28 December 2014. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from 1st of November through January. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for late fall and winter visitor. Habitat: Appears at hummingbird feeders and gardens in urban areas.

Calliope Hummingbird

Stellula calliope

Record early spring migration date was reported on 24 April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in April and 1st week in May. Record early fall migration date is 2 July.

Broad-tailed Hummingbird

Selasphorus platyceris

Record early date of 28 March was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in March.

Rufous Hummingbird

Selasphorus rufus

Status: Casual spring migrant; common fall migrant.

One spring record was reported from Durango, La Plata County, on 8 May 2014. Add a casual seasonal bar graph for the 1st week in May. Create a casual elevation bar graph, 6500-7500 feet for spring migration. Record early date of 10 June for fall migration was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in June and change the 3rd and 4th weeks in June to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for fall migration. Record late date of 19 December was recorded and the hummingbird was banded. Add a

casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in October until the 4th week in December.

Red-headed Woodpecker

Melanerpes erythrocephalus

Change the 3rd week in June to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator.

Acorn Woodpecker

Melanerpes formicivorus

This woodpecker has been reported in spring and early summer in both Archuleta and Montezuma counties. As many as 10 individuals were counting near Durango, La Plata County. Could this suggest Acorn Woodpecker is expanding range in southwestern Colorado?

Williamson's Sapsucker

Sphyrapicus thyroideus

Status: Fairly common summer resident; rare spring and fall migrant; casual winter visitor. There are now 7 winter records, December through February. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in October through the 4th week of November and from the 1st of March through mid-April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st of December through the 4th week of February. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-7500 feet, for winter visitor.

Yellow-bellied Sapsucker (new species for BOWC elevated from hypothetical list)

Sphyrapicus varius

Status: Casual winter visitor. Casual spring and fall migrant. Nine records are listed. Some records lack proper documentation and there are also possible hybrids, Red-naped/Yellow-bellied Sapsuckers reported as Yellow-bellied Sapsucker. More records are needed to obtain a clearer picture for this species. In western Colorado, Red-naped Sapsuckers are much more likely to occur than Yellow-bellied Sapsuckers. Durango, La Plata County, 16 December 1995; Zink's Pond, La Plata County, 28 March 2002; Zink's Pond, La Plata County, 1 October 2002; Grand Junction, Mesa County, 11 January 2004; Grand Junction, Mesa County, 3 October 2007; 1 male, 1 female, & 1 juvenile, Nucla, Montrose County, 18 December 2008-8 January 2009; Grand Junction, Mesa County, 6-10 February 2013; Paonia, Delta County, 25 April 2013; and Durango, La Plata County, 22 March 2014. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator that includes October through April. Create a casual bar graph indicator for elevation that includes 4500-7500 feet for spring and fall migration and winter visitor. Habitat: Riparian and urban areas, parks and cemeteries where lots of large willow trees are present.

Red-naped Sapsucker

Sphyrapicus nuchalis

Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for all of February through March.

Ladder-backed Woodpecker (new hypothetical species)

Picoides scalaris

Three records from the southwestern corner of Colorado were not documented and no photos exist. The three records are listed; near Mancos, Montezuma County, 23 July 2005; Yellowjacket Canyon, Montezuma County, 5 July 2016; and near Durango, La Plata County, 6 October 2016.

Olive-sided Flycatcher

Contopus cooperi

An aberrant record early spring date, 16 April, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in April. Record late fall date of 28 September was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th weeks in September. A low elevation summer record was reported on 6 June. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 4500-5500 feet.

Western Wood-Pewee

Contopus sordidulus

Record early date of 25 April and record late date of 9 October were reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in April and 1st and 2nd weeks in October.

Alder Flycatcher (new hypothetical species)

Empidonax alnorum

One record; 23 July-3 August 2009, Doyleville, Gunnison County. Male reported singing and observed by several birders. No follow up information is available.

Willow Flycatcher

Empidonax traillii

Record early date of 3 May was reported and record late date of 23 September was reported.

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator 1st and 2nd weeks in May and the 2nd and 3rd weeks in September.

Least Flycatcher (new species for BOWC elevated from hypothetical list)

Empidonax minimus

Status: rare summer resident.

There are now over 20 records for this rare species reported in 8 counties. The small flycatcher has nested at Neversink along the Gunnison River, Gunnison County, and suspected to have nested along the Yampa River south of Craig, Moffat County, and in Routt County at Yampa River SWA. The flycatcher has summered near Paonia along the North Fork of the Gunnison River, Delta County. A pair of flycatchers have been present each summer near Collbran, Mesa County, since 2011. The species has been reported as early as 11 May and as late as 16 September. Create a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in May through then end of August. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from 1st week through the 3rd week in September. Create a rare elevation rare

bar graph indicator, 5500-7500 feet for summer and create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for summer.

Habitat: Prefers mid elevation habitat dominated by narrow leaf cottonwoods with alder or willow understory.

Hammond's Flycatcher

Empidonax hammondii

Status: Uncommon summer resident; rare spring and fall migrant.

Record early date, 7 May, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in May and a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in May. A record late date, 7 October was reported. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th weeks in September and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in October.

Gray Flycatcher

Empidonax wrightii

Record early date of 6 April was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in April.

Dusky Flycatcher

Empidonax oberholseri

Record early date of 24 April was reported. Earlier dates are possible but Gray Flycatcher is much more likely in mid to early April.

Black Phoebe

Sayornis nigricans

Record early spring migration date, 6 March, was recorded. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in March through the 1st week in April. In fall, stragglers hang on into winter and have been recorded on CBCs in Grand Junction, Mesa County. Change seasonal bar graph indicator to rare from the 2nd week in September through the end of November. Add a casual elevation bar graph, 7500-9500 feet, for fall migration. From the 1st week in December through the end of February add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for winter. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet. Population of this species continues to increase as well as its range. Over half the counties in western Colorado now have recorded nesting Black Phoebes.

Eastern Phoebe

Sayornis phoebe

Status: Four spring, three fall and one early winter records. Recent records not in BOWC; one found near Glenwood Springs on Four Mile Creek, Garfield County, 14-21 December 2003; one heard only near Grand Junction, Mesa County, 14 April 2005; one near Nucla, Montrose County, 13 October 2015; one in Durango, La Plata County, 12-13 April 2016; and one at Brush Creek, Eagle County, 27 April 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for 2nd and 4th weeks in April, 2nd week in October and 2nd and 3rd weeks of December. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 5500-6500

feet and add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring, 4500-6500 feet and add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall, 5500-6500 feet.

Vermilion Flycatcher

Pyrocephalus rubinus

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant.

Eight records, four spring and four fall: Recent record not in BOWC; Lake Catamount, Routt County, 16 April 2004; male found a Highline SP in Mesa County on 29 March-6 April 2008; female near Nucla, Montrose County, 28 April, 2011; male in Aspen, Pitkin County, 29 April 2014; and female near Grand Junction, Mesa County, 23 September 2015. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in March through the end of April. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-8500 feet. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in September. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 4500-5500 feet.

Ash-throated Flycatcher

Myiarchus cinerascens

Record early spring date of 15 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in April and a rare seasonal bar graph for the 4th week in April.

Cassin's Kingbird

Tyrannus vociferans

Record early date of 24 April was recorded.

Western Kingbird

Tyrannus verticalis

Record early date of 15 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in April. Record late date of 15 October was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in October.

Scissor-tailed Flycatcher

Tyrannus forficatus

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in August and the 3rd week in September. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the last week in May and all of June.

Northern Shrike

Lanius excubitor

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in April.

White-eyed Vireo

Vireo griseus

Status: casual summer visitor.

Three records. Records not in BOWC; one, Vale, Eagle County, 18 August 1992; and one, Summit County, 12 July 1993. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in July and the 3rd week in August.

Gray Vireo

Vireo vicinior

Record early date of 19 April was reported. Record late date of 9 September was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in September.

Yellow-throated Vireo (new species for BOWC, photos and passed CFO's RC)

Vireo flavifrons

Status: casual spring migrant and summer visitor into early fall.

Eight records; one at Yellowjacket Canyon, Montezuma County, 26 May 04; one near Durango, La Plata County, 31 May 08; one near Paonia, Delta County, 29 April 2009; Black Canyon of the Gunnison, Montrose County, 10 June-3 July 2009; one at Beaver Creek Curecani National Recreation Area, Gunnison County, 26 July 2010; one at Ridgway State Park, Ouray County, 15 September 2011; Yellowjacket Canyon, Montezuma County, 18-19 May 2013; and Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 7-27 May 2016. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in April through the 2nd week in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-7500 feet, for spring migration, summer visitor and fall migration.

Habitat: Low to mid-elevation riparian woodlands.

Plumbeous Vireo

Vireo plumbeus

Record early date of 17 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April. A record late date of 1 November was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in October and the 1st week in November.

Cassin's Vireo

Vireo cassinii

Status: casual spring migrant and uncommon fall migrant.

Record early date of 6 May and a record late date of 1 November were recorded. There are now five spring records all in May. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for all weeks in May. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet, for spring. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the first week in August, a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in August, and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in October through the 1st week in November.

Blue-headed Vireo (new species for BOWC elevated from hypothetical list)

Vireo solitaries

Status: casual fall migrant.

Four records, all in late September or October; one reported near Durango, La Plata County, 25 October 2002; one reported at Confluence Park, Delta County, 14 October 2007; one near Ridgway, Ouray County, 8 October 2011; and one, Nucla, Montrose County, 26 September 2014. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th

week in September through the end of October. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall, 4500-7500 feet.

Habitat: Low to mid elevation riparian and adjacent woodlands.

Philadelphia Vireo (new hypothetical species)

Vireo philadelphicus

Status: Casual fall migrant.

Three records; Gunnison, Gunnison County, 18 August 1972; Roaring Judy Fish Hatchery, Gunnison County, 30 August 2006; and Craig, Moffat County, 23 September 2006. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th week in August and the 3rd week in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 and 7500-8500 feet for fall migration.

Habitat: Mid-elevation riparian.

Red-eyed Vireo

Vireo olivaceus

Record early spring date of 4 May was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in May. Record late date, 26 October, was recorded. There is now a clearer picture of this species in western Colorado so add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for all of July, August and through the 1st half of September. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-September through the end of October. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer 4500-5500 feet.

Pinyon Jay

Gymnorhinus cyanocephalus

An elevation record, 11,000 feet, was recorded. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 8500-11,500 feet.

Chihuahuan Raven (remains a hypothetical species)

Corvus cryptoleucus

Three records; Navajo Reservoir, Archuleta County, 18 June 1993; Lewis, Montezuma County, 27 June 2007; and east of Navajo Reservoir, Archuleta County, 7-14 April 2010.

Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for April through June. Create a casual elevation bar graph for 5500-6500 feet.

Due to great difficulty in separating Common and Chihuahuan Ravens as well as the possibility of hybrids, Chihuahuan Raven may always be a hypothetical species in western Colorado.

Purple Martin

Progne subis

Record late date of 6 October was reported. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in September and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in September through the 1st week in October. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, and casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for fall migration.

Tree Swallow*Tachycineta bicolor*

Record early date of 24 February was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in February through the 1st week in March. Change the 2nd and 3rd week in March to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in October through mid-November.

Violet-green Swallow*Tachycineta thalassina*

Record early date of 1 April and record late date of 17 of October were observed.

Northern Rough-winged Swallow*Stelgidopteryx serripennis*

Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st and 2nd week in April. Record late date, 29 October, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the last week in October.

Bank Swallow*Riparia riparia*

Record early date, 4 April, was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in April.

Cliff Swallow*Petrochelidon pyrrhonota*

Record early date of 28 March was observed. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in March. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in April.

Barn Swallow*Hirundo rustica*

Record early date, 25 March, was observed. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in March and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in November.

Bushtit*Psaltiriparus minimus*

Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 9500-10,500 feet, for all seasons.

Canyon Wren*Catherpes mexicanus*

Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 10,500-11,500 feet, for all seasons.

House Wren*Troglodytes aedon*

Record early spring date of 28 March was reported. A record late fall date of 12 November was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in

March through mid-April and from mid-October through the 2nd week in November. House Wren reports during winter are more likely Winter/Pacific Wren. Careful details should always be noted for this group of wrens.

Winter Wren/Pacific Wren (Pacific Wren—a new species for BOWC)

Troglodytes hiemalis/Troglodytes pacificus

Lack of records for these very similar species and due to their recent split makes it impossible to describe a true picture of their presence in western Colorado at this time. A wren was netted, 19 October 2006, at a banding station near Grand Junction, Mesa County, but it was never determined which species of wren was netted. A wren was photographed and recorded singing above Telluride, San Miguel County, on 13-18 July 2014, and observed carrying nesting material. This record is still in process in the CFO's RC. Add a casual bar graph indicator for the complete year for seasonal abundance at this time until more data on these species are collected. Change the elevation bar graph to all seasons and the casual bar graph indicator should include 4500-10,500 feet to accommodate two dozen or more records.

(Note) If one is to use the information in the range map for the two species in National Geographic, 6th Edition, page 384, one could argue most of our wrens are Pacific Wren if not all of them.

Sedge Wren (new species for BOWC)

Cistothorus platensis

New species for the area; a wren was very well document, photographed and seen by many birders from all round Colorado.

Status: casual winter and summer visitor.

Two records; a wren was found near Grand Junction, Mesa County, 19 December-25 February 2005; and a wren was reported in McCabe Wetlands, Gunnison County, on 4-16 July 2013 but was not been documented or photographed.

Habitat: Urban open space and emergent wetlands vegetation and Russian olive trees.

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st half of July and the 3rd week in December through the end of February. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet for winter and 7500-8500 feet for summer.

Golden-crowned Kinglet

Regulus satrapa

Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet for summer. Golden-crowned Kinglets are finding urban forest of spruce/fir suitable for possible nesting at mid-level elevation.

Blue-gray Gnatcatcher

Poliophtila caerules

Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the end of January through the 1st week of April. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 9500-10,500 feet and fall migration, 11,500-12,500 feet.

Veery

Catharus fuscescens

Record early date, 9 May, was reported. Change the last week in May to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 9500-10,500 feet. Breeding was confirmed along Neversink Trail, Curecanti National Recreational Area, Gunnison County in the summer of 2009.

Swainson's Thrush

Catharus ustulatus

Record late fall date, 15 September, was reported. Extend downward a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for summer.

Hermit Thrush

Catharus guttatus

Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the end of January through the 1st of May.

Varied Thrush

Ixoreus naevius

Latest recorded spring date for the species is 1 April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the last week in January through the 1st week in April.

Gray Catbird

Dumetella carolinensis

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for late fall and winter from the 1st week in October through April. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for 1st and 2nd weeks in May. Increase the winter elevation by adding a casual bar graph indicator, 7500-8500 feet.

Sage Thrasher

Oreoscoptes montanus

Status: Common summer resident; fairly common spring and fall migrant; casual winter resident. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for late fall and winter from the 1st of November through the 3rd week in February.

Brown Thrasher

Toxostoma rufum

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from 1st of January through 31st of December. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter 5500-6500 feet and for summer 5500-6500 feet.

Curved-bill Thrasher (new species for BOWC, photographed and passed CFO's RC)

Toxostoma curvirostre

Status: Casual summer visitor.

Three records: a thrasher was found at Redcliff, Eagle County, 17-18 June 1999; a thrasher was found in Grand Junction, Mesa County, 4 June 04; a thrasher wintered from 5 December 2010, at a feeder, through 1 April 2011, near Redstone, Pitkin County.

Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week through the 3rd week in June and from the 1st week in December through the first week in April. Create a casual elevation bar graph, 4500-5500 feet and 8500-9500 feet, for summer. Create a casual elevation bar graph, 6500-7500 feet, for winter.

Habitat: Urban yard and garden.

American Pipit

Anthus rubescens

Record high number was reported on 13 April 2007 near Nucla, Montrose County, an estimated flock of 200 pipits. On 12-14 November 2012 at Highline State Park, Mesa County, an estimated flock of 200-300 pipits.

Bohemian Waxwing

Bombycilla garrulous

Record early fall date of 8 November was reported. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in November. A record late spring date was recorded on 17 April. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in March through the 2nd week in April. Add a casual bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in April. Record high number were reported on 1 January 2013, Craig, Moffat County, an estimated flock of 500 waxwings.

Blue-winged Warbler

Vermivora pinnus

Three spring and four fall records: Recent records not in BOWC; a warbler along the Piedra River, Archuleta County, 4 May 2005; a warbler, thought to be a female, Loudy/Simpson, Craig, Moffat County, 8 August 2007; a photographed male at Loudy/Simpson in Craig, Moffat County, 14-18 August 2007; and a male, Hotchkiss, Delta County, 16 May 2009. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first three weeks in May. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in August and the 2nd and 3rd weeks in September. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring, 4500-5500 feet, and fall, 5500-6500 feet.

Golden-winged Warbler

Vermivora chrysoptera

One spring and two fall records: Recent records not in BOWC; a warbler along the Animas River, La Plata County, 20 May 2010; and a warbler at Neversink Trail Curecanti National Recreation Area, Gunnison County, 19 August 2010. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May and the 3rd week in August. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 6500-7500 feet.

Tennessee Warbler

Vermivora peregrine

Record late fall date of 7 November was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in June and 4th week in October through 1st in November. Change to rare the seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th weeks of August.

Orange-crowned Warbler

Vermivora celata

Record early spring date of 14 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in April. One or two warblers overwintered, 25 December 2004, until March of 2005 in the Grand Valley near Fruita. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in December through the 1st week in March. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, and a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for summer. Add a casual elevation bar graph, 10,500-11,500 feet, for summer. Record high number was reported on 24 September 2013 in Craig, Moffat County, where there was a flock of 25 warblers.

Nashville Warbler

Vermivora ruficapilla

Record early spring date of 28 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in April. Record early fall migrant date of 7 August was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in August. Change the 2nd week in August to rare.

Virginia's Warbler

Vermivora virginiae

Record early spring date of 17 April was recorded. Record late date of 20 November was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in October and the 3rd week in November. An elevation record of 10,800 feet was reported. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 10,500-11,500 feet, for fall migration.

Lucy's Warbler

Vermivora luciae

Status: Rare summer resident.

There are now several records since 2004 in western Montezuma County along the Utah border. Most of the records are along Yellowjack and McElmo creeks. Nesting has been confirmed along Yellowjack Creek. Earliest spring date is 3 April and the last summer date is 13 July. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st and 2nd weeks in April. Add a rare seasonal bar to the 3rd and 4th weeks in April and all of May through June. Add a casual seasonal bar graph for the 1st and 2nd weeks in July. Change the elevation bar graph indicator for spring to rare, 4500-5500 feet and add a casual elevation bar graph, 5500-7500 feet. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 4500-5500 feet. There are two recent records in Mesa County and one from La Plata County which may indicate the species is expanding range north and east.

Northern Parula

Parula americana

Status: Rare spring, casual fall and early winter migrant; casual summer visitor.

Ten spring records, five fall records, three summer and one early winter record: New records not recorded in BOWC; one, Loudy/Simpson Park in Craig, Moffat County, 2 September 1995; one, Hayden, Routt County, 9 August 2003; one, Gunnison, Gunnison County, 8-10 May 2005; one, Paonia, Delta County, 26 November 2005; one, Craig,

Moffat County, 15 September 2007; one, Paonia, Delta County, 17 June 2008; one, Carbondale, Garfield County, 30 November-13 December 2008; one along Animas River, La Plata County, 10 May 2010; one, Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, 23 May 2010; one, Delta, Delta County, 9 May 2011; one, Durango, La Plata County, 2 June 2012; one, Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, 17 May 2015; one, Gunnison, Gunnison County, 25 May 2015; one, Lone Dome SWA, Montezuma County, 24 May 2016; and one, Gunnison, Gunnison County, 27 June 2016. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd through the 4th weeks in May. Add a casual seasonal bar graph for all of June, and from the 2nd week in August through the 2nd week in December. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, and a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for spring. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 5500-8500 feet. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration 5500-6500 feet.

Yellow Warbler

Dendrocica petechia

Record early date of 12 April and record late date of 2 October were recorded. A window strike was found on 4 December but date of kill could not be determined. Change to rare the seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in April. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in April and the 1st week in October.

Chestnut-sided Warbler

Dendrocica pensylvanica

Ten records have been reported since 2004, 3 spring, 3 summer and 4 fall. The earliest date was 14 May and latest date was 17 October. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in June through August. A warbler was on the Grand Mesa in Mesa County on 8-12 July 2007. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-10,500 feet for summer and 7500-8500 feet for fall migration.

Magnolia Warbler

Dendrocica magnolia

One spring, one summer and seven fall records for this casual warbler species: new records not in BOWC; one at Ridgway State Park, Ouray County, 10 August 2001; female at Totten SWA, Montezuma County, 9 September 2003; one at Loudy/Simpson in Craig, Moffat County, 18 October 2003; one at Cedaredge, Delta County, 10 September 2006; and one at Lake Vallecito, La Plata County, 15 June 2011. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in June, 2nd week in August, and the 3rd week in October. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 7500-8500 feet, for summer.

Black-throated Blue Warbler

Dendrocica caerulescens

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant; winter visitor.

One spring, eight fall and two winter records: new records not in BOWC; one at Cortez, Montezuma County, 3 October 1993; one at Grand Junction, Mesa County, 8 October 2005; one at Craig, Moffat County, 18 September 2005; one at Lewis, Montezuma County, 8 October 2006; one near Carbondale, Garfield County, 23 October 2006; a male near Grand Junction, Mesa County, 16 December 2007; and a male near Durango, La

Plata County, 24 December 2008. Add casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in September through the end of October including the last two weeks in December. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 4500-5500 feet. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-7500 feet, for winter.

Black-throated Gray Warbler

Dendroica nigrescens

Record early date of 10 April and record late date of 3 October were recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in September through the 1st week in October.

Black-throated Green Warbler

Dendroica virens

Two fall records: new record not in BOWC; one near Durango, La Plata County, on 8 October 2012. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in October.

Townsend's Warbler

Dendroica townsendi

Seven spring records: new spring records not in BOWC; one, Colorado National Monument, Mesa County, 27 May 1995; one in Unaweep Canyon, Mesa County, 11 May 2003; one at Corn Lake, Mesa County, 30 April 2014; one at Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, 20 May 2014; one at Mancos, Montezuma County, 8 May 2015; and one, Colorado National Monument, Mesa County on 27 May 1995; Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the last week in April through the last week in May. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in July through the 1st week in August. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for the 2nd week in August and the 1st week in October.

Record early spring date, 30 April, and record late spring date, 27 May, were recorded.

Record early fall date, 31 July, and record late fall date, 26 October, were recorded.

Record number, 20 warblers, occurred at Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, on 26 August 2013.

Blackburnian Warbler

Dendroica fusca

Nine spring and three fall records; new records not in BOWC, one in Durango, La Plata County, 31 May 2002; one near Durango, La Plata County, 13 May 2003; one photographed in Nucla, Montrose County, 9 September 2006; one near The Glade, Dolores County, 26 September; one at Hotchkiss, Delta County, 9 May 2013; one at Durango, La Plata County, 6-12 May 2013; one in Grand Junction, Mesa County, 10 May 2015, one at Navajo SP, Archuleta County, 21 May 2015; and one in Yampa, Routt County, 26 May 2015. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the last two weeks in May. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the last week in August through the 3rd week in September. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-6500 feet, and to fall migration, 5500-7500 feet.

Grace's Warbler

Dendroica graciae

Record early date of 17 April and a record late date of 9 September were recorded. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in April and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in September.

Yellow-throated Warbler (new species for BOWC, several good photos)

Setophaga dominica

Status: Casual spring migrant, one spring record.

Durango, La Plata County, 6-11 May 2015. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first two week in May. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for 5500-7500 feet for spring migration.

Habitat: Mid-elevation riparian zone.

Palm Warbler

Dendroica palmarum

Six spring, one summer, and four fall records: new records not in BOWC; one at Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 4-7 October 2001; one at Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 7-8 May 2005; one at Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 1 May 2006; one, Highline SP, Mesa County, 3 May 2011; one, Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 10 May 2013; and one at Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 11 May 2014. Add a seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st and 2nd weeks in May and the 1st week in October. Add, for spring migration, a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet.

Bay-breasted Warbler (new historical hypothetical species)

Dendroica castanea

One record; Kremmling, Grand County, 20 May 1976.

Blackpoll Warbler

Dendroica striata

Four spring and ten fall records: new records not in BOWC; one at Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 7-8 May 2002; one at Lake Vallecito, La Plata County, 20 May 2002; one netted at banding station near Grand Junction, Mesa County, 16 September 2003; one at Loudy/Simpson in Craig, Moffat County, 3-5 September 2005; one in Nucla, Montrose County, 29 September 2011; one in Craig, Moffat County, 21 September 2012; one, Durango, La Plata County, 19 August 2016; and one, Durango, La Plata County, 4-6 September 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in May, 3rd week in August, and all of September. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 5500-6500 feet.

Pine Warbler (new hypothetical species, single observer, no photos or supporting information)

Setophaga pinus

Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 4 May 2014.

Black-and-white Warbler

Mniotilta varia

Status: Rare spring and fall migrant; casual summer and winter visitor.

More than a dozen records for the area has been recorded fairly evenly divided between spring and fall. All spring observations have been reported from early to mid-May. Fall records have occurred from 2 September to late November. The only summer record was report from Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Park, Montrose County, on 24 June 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for all of September. Add a casual bar graph indicator for the 4th week in June. Create an elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet, for summer.

American Redstart

Setophaga ruticilla

Record early date of 8 May and a record late date of 18 October were recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in May and a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd and 4th weeks in May and the 4th week in September. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in October.

Prothonotary Warbler (new species for BOWC, many good photos)

Protonotaria citrea

Status: casual spring, summer and fall migrant.

One spring, one summer and four fall records: one, Last Dollar Road, San Miguel County, 17 June 1995; one at Pastorius Reservoir, La Plata County, 3 October 2001; one at Blue Lake, Eagle County, 11 October 2005; one, Glenwood Springs, Garfield County, 9-10 September 2012; one, Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 19 September 2013; and one, Gunnison, Gunnison County, 16 May 2016. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May, 3rd week in June, and from the 3rd week in September through the 2nd week in October. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 7500-8500 feet, summer, 7500-8500 feet, and fall migration, 5500-8500 feet. Habitat: Nearly always near water; streams, rivers or lake edges with good cover.

Worm-eating Warbler

Helmitheros vermivorus

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant.

Two spring and four fall records: new record not published in BOWC; one banded at Grand Junction, Mesa County, 19 October 2006; one, Palisade, Mesa County, 21 May 2011; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 28 November-4 December 2013 later found dead; and Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 21 September 2015. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May, 3rd week in September, 4th week in November through the 1st week in December. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet, and fall migration, 4500-6500 feet.

Ovenbird

Seiurus aurocapilla

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant, summer resident and winter visitor.

Records not reported in BOWC; Rifle Creek, Garfield County, 3 June 2004; singing male northeast of Mancos, Montezuma County, 10-25 June 2006; on the Grand Mesa, Mesa

County, 18 May 2008 which is a record early date; one, Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 30 May 2009; one, Bayfield, La Plata County, 30 June 2010; one, N. Fosset Gulch Road, Archuleta County, 1 June-1 July 2010; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 22-25 September 2012; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 29 September-2 October 2014 which is a record late date for fall migration; and one winter record, Durango, La Plata County, 24 December 2015. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in May through mid-June and from the 1st of September through the 1st week in October and the 4th week in December. Create a casual elevation bar graph, 5500-10,500 feet, for spring migration. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for fall migration. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet, for winter. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 7500-9500 feet, for summer.

Northern Waterthrush

Seiurus noveboracensis

Record early spring date, 5 May, was reported. Record early fall migration date of 13 August was recorded. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 8500-9500 feet, fall migration.

Kentucky Warbler

Oporornis formosus

Eight records: new records not published in BOWC; one at Curecanti NRA, Gunnison County, 26 August 2004; and one at Dolores, Montezuma County, 27 May-4 June 2007; and one, Durango, La Plata County, 16 May 2014. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in May and the 4th week in August. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration 6500-7500 feet.

Mourning Warbler (new hypothetical species, no photos or supporting information)

Geothlypis philadelphia

New species for western Colorado: one at Durango, La Plata County, 12 September 2002.

MacGillivray's Warbler

Oporornis tolmiei

Record early date of 27 April was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in April.

Connecticut Warbler (new hypothetical species, no photos or supporting information)

Oporornis agilis

New species for western Colorado: one at Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, 13-15 September 2007.

Common Yellowthroat

Geothlypis trichas

Record early date of 13 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in April.

Hooded Warbler

Wilsonia citrine

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant; casual summer resident.

Three spring, two summer, and six fall records: records that are not published in BOWC; one, Cabin Creek, Montezuma County, 26-31 May 2002; one near Durango, La Plata County, 2 September 2003; a nesting record along lower Piedra River, Archuleta County, 27 July into early August 2004; one near Delta, Delta County, 22-23 August 2006; one, Squaw Canyon, Dolores County, 29 April 2007; one, Craig, Moffat County, 16-21 September 2007; one, Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, 20 August 2010; (unknown location), Mesa County, 22 May 2011; and a female, Ridgway SP, Ouray County, 11 September 2015 where the warbler was banded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in April, the 3rd and 4th weeks in May, the 4th week in July through the 1st week in August, and the 1st three weeks in September. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for spring migration. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 4500-7500 feet. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet, for summer.

Wilson's Warbler

Wilsonia pusilla

Record late date of 1 December was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in October through the 1st week in December. A record number, 100 warblers, was reported at Loudy/Simpson, Moffat County, 10-11 September 2013.

Red-faced Warbler (new hypothetical species, no photos or supporting information)

Cardellina rubrifrons

One warbler along Dolores River below McPhee Reservoir, Montezuma County, 10 May 2015.

Painted Redstart

Myioborus pictus

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant.

Five records, three spring, one fall and one winter: new records that are not in BOWC; a redstart was near New Castle in Garfield County on 16-17 November 2005; one wintered in Fruita, Mesa County, 2004-05 but no exact dates are available; one, Mancos, Montezuma County, 17 May 2013; and one or two, Black Canyon of the Gunnison N P, Montrose County, 15 April 2015 with photos. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in April, 3rd week in May and 3rd week in November. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for winter and a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, fall migration.

Yellow-breasted Chat

Icteria virens

Status: Fairly common summer resident and casual winter straggler.

Two winter record; one, Gunnison, Gunnison County, 14 December 2014; and one, Carbondale, Garfield County, 11-15 December 2014 and good photos were taken. Add a

casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in December. Create a casual winter elevation bar graph, 5500-8500 feet.

Hepatic Tanager

Piranga flava

Five records: new records not in BOWC; one, Chimney Rock, Archuleta County, 5 July 2004; one, Cortez, Montezuma County, 29 June 2008. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 4th week in June through the 1st week in July. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 5500-7500 feet.

Summer Tanager

Piranga rubra

Record early date of 27 March was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in March. Add a rare bar graph indicator for the last week in April through the end of May. Add a casual bar graph indicator from the first of June through the 1st week in November. Record late date was recorded in the 1st week in November. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 4500-5500 feet. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-7500 feet, for summer.

Scarlet Tanager

Piranga olivacea

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant.

Five records, one spring and four fall: new record not in BOWC, one at Meeker, Rio Blanco County, 17-21 November 2004; adult male, Hotchkiss, Delta County, 25-27 May 2016, photos. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in May and the 3rd week in November. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for fall migration, 5500-6500 feet. Create a casual elevation bar graph, 4500-5500 feet, for spring.

Western Tanager

Piranga ludoviciana

Record early spring date, 14 April, and record last fall date, 29 December were recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first three weeks in April and from mid-October to the end of December. For summer, add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet.

Cassin's Sparrow (new species for BOWC, photographed, sound recorded and observed by several birders)

Aimophila cassinii

Status: Casual summer visitor.

Two summer records: A male was singing in Dry Creek Basin in San Miguel County on 5-7 June 2006; and a singing male near Paonia, Delta County, on 5-7 July 2011. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first week in June and the first week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for 5500-6500 feet, for summer. Habitat: sagebrush and grasslands.

Chipping Sparrow

Spizella passerine

Status: Common summer resident; common spring and fall migrant; casual winter visitor. Due to a dozen recent records between the 1st of November and 1st of April the following changes in the seasonal bar graph are necessary. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from 1 November through winter to the end of March. Change the first two weeks in April to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator. Create a casual elevation bar graph for winter visitor, 4500-6500 feet. Chippers were found nesting in Rabbit Valley below 5000 feet for a new low elevation breeding record.

Clay-colored Sparrow

Spizella pallida

Since 2000 there has been 26 records, 10 in spring and 16 in fall. Spring migration reports are between 10 April and 30 May and peak in mid-May. Fall migration records are between 23 August and 8 October and peak in mid-September. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in May and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 4th week in May.

Brewer's Sparrow

Spizella breweri

Change the 2nd week in April to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator and add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in December.

Black-chinned Sparrow (new species for BOWC, many photos and many observers, passed CFO's RC)

Spizella atrogularis

Status: Casual spring and early summer breeder.

Seven records at three locations from 9 April to 10 July where birds have been photographed and observed by many birders. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in April through 2nd week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring and summer from 4500-7500 feet. Records; Colorado National Monument, Mesa County, 24 May 05 (heard only); at least three singing males and one female, near Durango, La Plata County, 28 June-10 July 2010; Colorado National Monument, Mesa County, 9 April-18 June 2011; 3 sparrows, 9-11 April and then confirmed breeding on 12 June 2012, Colorado National Monument, Mesa County; one sparrow, Colorado National Monument, Mesa County, 24 April, 2013; 2 sparrows, Colorado National Monument, Mesa County, 24 April 2014; and one sparrow, Colorado National Monument, Mesa County, 5 May 2015.

Field Sparrow

Spizella pusilla

Three winter and two fall records. Records not in BOWC; one, Navajo SP, Archuleta County, 21 January 2006; and one, Nucla, Montrose County, 18 October 2012. Add a casual seasonal bar graph for the 3rd week in October.

Vesper Sparrow

Pooecetes gramineus

Status: Change winter status to casual winter visitor.

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 1st of November through winter until the 3rd week in March.

Lark Sparrow

Chondestes grammacus

Record early spring migration date, 9 April, was recorded. Two October, one November, one December, and two January dates were recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the last week in September through the 1st week in November and again on the 3rd week in December and the 3rd week in January.

Black-throated Sparrow

Amphispiza bilineata

Status: Uncommon summer resident; rare spring and fall migrant; casual winter straggler. Record early spring date of 8 March was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in March and a rare bar graph indicator for the 3rd week of March through the 1st week in April. A sparrow was observed on 13 December for an early winter record. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in December. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 7500-8500 feet, and 8500-9500 feet, for fall migration.

Sagebrush Sparrow (name change)

Artemisiospiza nevadensis (name change)

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in February. Record early spring migration record was reported on 15 February.

Lark Bunting

Calamospiza melanocorys

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in September to mid-November.

Savannah Sparrow

Passerculus sandwichensis

Record late date of 7 December was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the first week in December. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in February through the end of March. Winter elevation bar graph indicator should be a casual indicator, 4500-6500 feet, not rare.

Grasshopper Sparrow

Ammodramus savannarum

Status: Rare spring and fall migrant; rare summer resident.

Twenty one records: new records not in BOWC; one at Totten Reservoir, Montezuma County, 19 September 2003; one at Nucla, Montrose County, 12 September 2005; singing male south of Craig, Moffat County, 7 July 2006; one or two at Nucla, Montrose County, 19 September 2009; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 21 April 2011; one, Craig, Moffat County, 4 August 2011; one, Nucla, Montrose County, 11 October 2013;

one, Craig, Moffat County, 25 April 2014; several, Hayden, Routt County, 3-4 May 2014; several, Craig, Moffat County, 17 June 2014; one, Nucla, Montrose County, 14-15 June 2015; several, Craig, Moffat County, 22 June-21 July 2015; one, Hayden, Routt County, 11 July 2015; one, Grand Junction, Mesa County, 12 September 2015; one, Eagle, Eagle County, 8 October 2015; three, Nucla, Montrose County, 19 May-10 July 2016; and several, Craig, Moffat County, 30 June 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st and 2nd weeks in April. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in April through the end of September. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st and 2nd weeks of October. Add a casual elevation bar graph, 4500-5500 feet, and a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for spring migration. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, and a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for fall migration. For summer, create a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-7500 feet. Note: Grasshopper Sparrows appear, from numerous recent records, to be rapidly increasing in western Colorado and are likely breeding locally in a few areas, especially where lands are reclaimed after coal mining.

Baird's Sparrow (remains hypothetical species)

Ammodramus bairdii

Two records, one spring and one fall migrant; Ridgway, Ouray County, 6 October 1973; and Glade Park, Mesa County, 27 May 2000.

Fox Sparrow

Passerella iliaca schistacea

Add a rare bar graph indicator from 1st week in October through winter until the last week in March. For summer add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet and a rare bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet. Add a rare elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for fall migration. Change to rare the elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, and add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, and 6500-7500 feet for winter visitor.

Fox Sparrow (Red Fox Sparrow)

Passerella iliaca iliaca

Status: Casual fall migrant and winter resident.

One fall migrant and three winter records: new records not in BOWC, one, which was photographed, spent the winter in Nucla in Montrose County from 26 November 2003 through 18 March 2004; one, which was photographed, Paonia, Delta County, 9-23 December 2009; and one, Mancos, Montezuma County, 7 December 2013.

Lincoln Sparrow

Melospiza lincolnii

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the entire winter months, December through February. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator for March to rare. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer 6500-7500 feet. For winter add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for 5500-6500 feet.

Swamp Sparrow

Melospiza georgiana

A record early fall date of 10 September was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in September and the last three weeks in October. A record last spring date of 16 April was recorded. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-February to the 3rd week in April.

White-throated Sparrow

Zonotrichia albicollis

Status: Rare spring and fall migrant; rare winter visitor; and casual summer visitor. Change to a rare seasonal bar graph indicator for February through May. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-September through the 1st week in October. Record early fall date, 17 September, was reported, and a late spring date, 31 May, was recorded. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator to spring migration, 6500-7500 feet, and change, 4500-6500 feet, to a rare indicator. Add a casual winter elevation bar graph, 6500-7500 feet. A singing male was reported along Neversink Trail, Gunnison County, 5 June. Another singing male was reported along Lime Creek Road, San Juan County, on 4 August. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in June and the 1st week in August. Create a summer elevation bar graph indicator for 7500-9500 feet. This species is not known to breed in Colorado.

Harris's Sparrow

Zonotrichia querula

Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare from mid-April to mid-May. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet, for spring migration.

“Rocky Mountain” White-crowned Sparrow

Zonotrichia leucophrys oriantha

For summer add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet.

Golden-crowned Sparrow

Zonotrichia atricapilla

Status: Rare spring and fall migrant; rare winter resident; and casual summer visitor. Record early date, 1 October, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 1st week in October. A record late date, 9 May, was reported. Change to rare the seasonal bar graph indicator for March and April and add a casual bar graph indicator for the first 2 weeks in May. Change the elevation bar graph for spring migration, 4500-6500 feet, to rare and add a casual bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet. In fall migration change the elevation bar graph indicator to rare, 4500-6500 feet. A summer record, 28-31 July 2003, was reported near Gunnison in Gunnison County. Another record was reported from Crested Butte in the summer of 2007 but details are lacking. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 7500-8500 feet.

White-winged Junco

Junco hyemalis aikeni

Three winter records: Records not in BOWC; one, Durango, La Plata County, 4 December 2012-24 March 2013, photos; and one, Molina, Mesa County, 12 January 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for December through March. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-7500 feet, for winter.

McCown's Longspur (elevated from hypothetical to new species for BOWC)

Calcarius mccownii

Status: Casual spring and fall migrants and casual winter visitor. Three spring, two fall and one winter records. East Fork of Wolf Creek, Moffat County, 10 October 1995; Meeker, Rio Blanco County, 6 January 2007; Vallecito Reservoir, La Plata County, 25 September 2010; Colorado/Utah Stateline, Mesa County, 2-3 birds were photographed, 27 April 2011; Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 17-19 April 2013, photos; and Rabbit Ears Pass, Routt County, 17 April 2015, flyover of small flock. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in January, 3rd and 4th weeks in April, and the 4th week in September through mid-October. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring, 4500-9500 feet, fall, 5500-7500 feet, and winter, 5500-6500 feet.

Lapland Longspur

Calcarius lapponicus

Two late spring records have been recorded: one, Confluence Park, Delta County, 8 March 2009; and one, Crawford, Delta County, on 8 April 2013. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-February through the 1st week in March and add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator in the 1st week in April.

Snow Bunting

Plectrophenax nivalis

Record late spring date of 19 March was record south of Gunnison in Gunnison County. Add a casual season bar graph indicator to the 3rd week in March.

Northern Cardinal

Cardinalis cardinalis

Three spring records: One additional record not in BOWC; Lone Dome SWA, Montezuma County, 7 June 1996 for a late spring migrant. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st week in June. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 5500-6500 feet, for spring migration.

Pyrrhuloxia (new species for BOWC, photos, passed CFO's RC)

Cardinalis sinuatus

One spring record: Durango, La Plata County, 29-30 April 1999.

Rose-breasted Grosbeak

Pheucticus ludovicianus

Status: Rare summer resident; rare spring and fall migrant; casual winter resident. One was at a feeder in Grand Junction in Mesa County, 12-16 January, for a winter record. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in January. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet, for winter. A record late fall or early

winter date, 19 December, was reported. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator from June through the 3rd week in December. Record early spring date, 8 April, was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in April. There are more records in November than any other month.

Black-headed Grosbeak

Pheucticus melanocephalus

Record early date of 19 April was reported. It is possible that the record late date, female/juvenile, on 19 December was a Rose-breasted Grosbeak. In fall migration, after the end of September, Rose-breasted Grosbeak is more likely than Black-headed Grosbeak to occur in western Colorado. Pay close attention to females or hatch year fall grosbeaks that occur later than September.

Blue Grosbeak

Passerina caerulea

An extremely aberrant early spring migration date, 12 April, was reported in southwestern Colorado. This species is not expected until the first week in May. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in April and the 1st week in May.

Lazuli Bunting

Passerina amoena

Record early date, 17 April, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April. A record late date, 24 October, was recorded. Add a rare seasonal bar graph indicator to the 3rd and 4th weeks in September and a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st through the 3rd weeks in October. An elevation record was reported at 11,828 feet. Add a casual elevation bar graph for summer, 10,500-12,500 feet.

Indigo Bunting

Passerina cyanea

Record early data, 18 April, was reported and photographed. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in April. Record late date, 4 October, was reported. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-September through the 1st week in October.

Painted Bunting

Passerina ciris

Status: Casual spring and fall migrant and summer visitor.

Five spring, two fall and one summer records. Records not in BOWC; one, Durango, La Plata County, 23 April 1997; one, Delta, Delta County, 23 March 1998, one, Silverthorne, Summit County, 28 April 2000, one, Placerville, San Miguel County, 26 July 2002; and one, Ridgway SP, Ouray County, 18 September 2015, netted at banding station and photographed. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in March, 4th week in April, last week in July and the 3rd week in September. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 6500-8500 feet, for spring migration. Create a casual elevational bar graph indicator, 6500-7500 feet, for summer.

Dickcissel

Spiza Americana

Three spring, three fall, and eight summer records: records not reported in BOWC; one, Ouray, Ouray County, 26 July 2000; singing male east of Craig in Moffat County, 31 May-1 June 2003; singing male near Paonia, Delta County, 23-24 June 2006; one along CR-216, La Plata County, 28 June 2009; one, Paonia, Delta County, 22-24 June 2011; one, Dinosaur, Moffat County, 7 July 2015; and one at DeBeque, Mesa County, 14 May 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd week in May and the 4th week in July. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet.

Bobolink

Dolichonyx oryzivorus

Record early date of 10 May was reported. Bobolinks were found in three locations away from known breeding areas: near Norwood, San Miguel County, 13 June 2003; near Paonia, Delta County, 11 May-1 June 2008; and up to five individuals north of Mack in western Mesa County, 21-21 May 2011. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-5500 feet.

Rusty Blackbird

Euphagus carolinus

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the last three weeks in December. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 6500-7500 feet.

Common Grackle

Quiscalus quiscula

Record number, 30 grackles, for winter season was reported at Cortez, Montezuma County, 13 January 2007 and on 15 December 2014, 51 was recorded on the Grand Junction CBC, Mesa County.

Great-tailed Grackle

Quiscalus mexicanus

Record number, 233, was reported from Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 25 December 2006. A high elevation record in Silverton was recorded at 9400 feet. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 8500-9500 feet.

Brown-headed Cowbird

Molothrus ater

Record high number in mid-winter; Fruit feedlot, Mesa County, 75 birds, 4 January 2012.

Orchard Oriole

Icterus spurius

Status: Rare spring migrant and early summer visitor and casual visitor at other times of the year.

Sixteen records: new records not in BOWC; male, Escalante SWA, Delta County, 20 May 2001; male, Pastorius SWA, La Plata County, 9 May 2004; and a first year male, photographed at Nucla, Montrose County, April 14-16 2007; Hayden, Routt County, 30 May-3 June 2011; Nucla, Montrose County, 4 June 2012; Nucla, Montrose County, 9-11

September 2012; Vale, Eagle County, 15 May 2013; first year male window strike, Placerville, San Miguel County, 20 June 2013; and Lay, Moffat County, 30-31 May 2016. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 2nd and 3rd weeks in April, the 3rd week in June, and the 2nd week in September. Change to rare the seasonal bar graph indicator for the 3rd week in May through the 1st week in June. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 6500-7500 feet. Change to rare the elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-6500 feet.

Hooded Oriole (new species for BOWC, photos and many observers)

Icterus cucullatus

Orioles were photographed and well documented and passed the CFO's RC.

Status: Casual spring migrant and summer visitor.

Three records: A male was photographed in Grand Junction, Mesa County, 28-29 May 2006, for the first state record. The 2nd record was a male, photographed west of Cortez, Montezuma County, 18 June-14 July 2006; and the 3rd record was a female photographed in Nucla, Montrose County, on 1-2 May 2014. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator for the 1st and 4th weeks in May, and the 3rd week in June through and 2nd week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring migration, 4500-6500 feet, and for summer visitor, 4500-5500 feet.

Habitat: Urban and rural gardens.

Bullock's Oriole

Icterus bullockii

Casual winter visitor reported on 2 February 2007 in Grand Junction in Mesa County.

Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the first week in February. Add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from mid-September through the first week in January. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter visitor, 4500-5500 feet. A record early date of 22 April was recorded for spring migration.

Baltimore Oriole (new species for BOWC, many photos and observers)

Icterus galbula

Status: Casual species, ten records, spring and early summer, males and females, and most were photographed. Listed are all ten records: 1 adult male, Gunnison, Gunnison County, 26-27 May 1998; adult male, Durango, La Plata County, 10-11 May 2001; adult male, Eagle, Eagle County, 31 May-5 July 2008; adult male, Glenwood Springs, Garfield County, 13 May 2013; sub-adult male, El Jebel, Eagle County, 11-30 May 2013; adult male, Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 21 May 2013; female, Nucla, Montrose County, 8 May 2014; adult male, Placerville, San Miguel County, 24 April-1 May 2015; female, Nucla, Montrose County, 30 April-1 May 2015; and adult male, Meeker, Rio Blanco County, 8-10 May 2016. Record early spring date, 24 April and last date, 5 July were reported. Create a casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in April through the 1st week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for spring and early summer, 5500-8500 feet.

Habitat: Urban, parks, gardens and especially where jelly is available in feeders.

Scott's Oriole

Icterus parisorum

Record early date of 23 April was reported. A new summering area for orioles was found in the west end of San Miguel County and nesting is suspected. They were discovered, 8 June 2009.

Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch

Leucosticte tephrocotis

Record early fall date of 22 October was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator to the 3rd and 4th weeks in October. A record late spring date of 12 May was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in April through the 2nd week in May. A record number of 775 finches were photographed and counted from the photos on 1 January 2013 near Mesa, Mesa County.

Black Rosy-Finch

Leucosticte atrata

Record early fall date of 23 October was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator to the 3rd and 4th weeks in October. A record late spring date of 5 May was reported. Add a casual bar graph indicator from the 2nd week in April through the 1st week in May. A record number, 250-300 finches, was reported from Gateway, Mesa County, on 31 December 2012.

Brown-capped Rosy-Finch

Leucosticte australis

Record number, estimated at 400, was reported, 6 April 2008 at Snowmass, Pitkin County and in Ouray, Ouray County, on 3 April 2009.

Pine Grosbeak

Pinicola enucleator

Low elevation record was reported in Grand Junction in winter. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-5500 feet.

Purple Finch

Carpodacus purpureus

Five records: records not included in BOWC, a female, with good photos, at Nucla, Montrose County, 14 December 2004-7 April 2005; a female at Fruita, Mesa County, 5-7 January 2009; and one, Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 23 November-27 December 2014. Extend the casual seasonal bar graph indicator from the 4th week in March through the 1st week in April. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 4500-5500 feet.

Cassin's Finch

Carpodacus cassinii

Record number reported, 250 finches, 29 November 2012, Pinyon Mesa, Mesa County.

Red Crossbill

Loxia curvirostra

Summer reports from the Hotchkiss area may be birds that are attracted to urban areas where conifers have grown to large, mature trees. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator, 4500-6500 feet.

White-winged Crossbill

Loxia leucoptera

A few summer records between 7500-9500 feet require that a change be made to summer elevation bar graph indicator. Add a casual bar graph indicator, 7500-9500 feet, for summer. An early winter record in Craig suggest that a casual bar graph for winter should be extended downward to include 5500-9500 feet.

Common Redpoll

Carduelis flammea

Record number; 325 birds at feeders in Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 10 April 2013. Nearly every county in western Colorado had redpolls the winter of 2012-13. A record early date was recorded on 15 November and a record late date was reported on 12 April. Change the seasonal bar graph indicator to rare for March and add a casual seasonal bar graph indicator to the 2nd week in April. Add a casual elevation bar graph indicator for winter, 8500-9500 feet.

Hoary Redpoll (new hypothetical species)

Carduelis hornemanni

Due to the potential that Common Redpoll and Hoary Redpoll may be lumped shortly, it may be best to consider Hoary Redpoll as a hypothetical species. It also may be impossible to determine if hybridization is present in an individual. One winter record; Steamboat Springs, Routt County, 18-23 March 2013.

Pine Siskin

Carduelis pinus

Siskins were found in the summers of 2006, 2007, 2010, 2011, and 2012 near Grand Junction in Mesa County. Add a casual bar graph indicator for summer 4500-5500 feet. Siskins may be staying at lower elevation because of thistle feeders. A record number of 100 plus siskins were reported on 25 October at No Name, Garfield County.

Lawrence's Goldfinch (new species for BOWC, and a state record, documented, photographed)

Carduelis lawrencei

Status: Casual summer visitor.

One summer record: A male was in Grand Junction, Mesa County, on 23 May-24 July 2007. Create a casual bar graph indicator from the 3rd week in May through the 3rd week in July. Create a casual elevation bar graph indicator for summer, 4500-5500 feet.

Habitat: Urban feeders and gardens.

